

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. through 10. (Cancelled)

11. (Original) A method of making a high copper low alloy steel sheet comprising the steps of:

(a) preparing a molten melt producing an as-cast low alloy steel comprising  
(i) by weight, between 0.02% and 0.3% carbon, between 0.10% and 1.5% manganese, between 0.01% and 0.5% silicon, less than 0.04% sulfur, greater than 0.01% and less than or equal to 0.15% phosphorus, less than 0.05% aluminum, more than 0.20% copper, less than 0.03% tin, and less than 0.10% nickel;

(ii) the remainder iron and impurities resulting from melting;

(b) solidifying the molten melt into sheet less than 10 mm in thickness in a non-oxidizing atmosphere to below 1080 °C.

12. (Original) The method of making a high copper low alloy steel sheet as claimed in claim 11 wherein the corrosion index (I) is at least 6.0 where:

$$I=26.01 (\% \text{ Cu}) + 3.88 (\% \text{ Ni}) + 1.20 (\% \text{ Cr}) + 1.49 (\% \text{ Si}) + 17.28 (\% \text{ P}) - 7.29 (\% \text{ Cu})(\% \text{ Ni}) - 9.10(\% \text{ Ni})(\% \text{ P}) - 33.39(\% \text{ Cu}).$$

13. (Original) The method of making a high copper low alloy steel sheet as claimed in claim 11 wherein the total of the percent by weight of copper is between 0.2 and 2.0.

14. (Currently Amended) The method of making a high copper low alloy steel sheet as claimed in claim 11 wherein the thickness of the ~~thin cast strip sheet~~ is less than 5 mm in thickness.

15. (Currently Amended) The method of making a high copper low alloy steel sheet as claimed in claim 11 wherein the thickness of the ~~thin cast strip sheet~~ is less than 2 mm in thickness.

16. (Original) A method of making a high copper low alloy steel sheet comprising the steps of:

(a) preparing a molten melt producing an as-cast low alloy steel comprising

(i) by weight, between 0.02% and 0.3% carbon, between 0.10% and 1.5% manganese, between 0.01% and 0.5% silicon, less than 0.04% sulfur, greater than 0.01% and less than or equal to 0.15% phosphorus, less than 0.05% aluminum, more than 0.20% copper, less than 0.03% tin, and less than 0.10% nickel;

(ii) the remainder iron and impurities resulting from melting;

(b) forming the melt into a casting pool supported on casting surfaces of a pair of cooled casting rolls having a nip therebetween;

(c) counter rotating the casting rolls to form a thin cast sheet of less than 10 mm in thickness extending downwardly from the nip;

(d) cooling the cast sheet to below 1080 °C. in a non-oxidizing atmosphere.

17. (Original) The method of making a high copper low alloy steel sheet as claimed in claim 16 wherein the corrosion index (I) is at least 6.0 where:

$$I = 26.01 (\% \text{ Cu}) + 3.88 (\% \text{ Ni}) + 1.20 (\% \text{ Cr}) + 1.49 (\% \text{ Si}) + 17.28 (\% \text{ P}) - 7.29 (\% \text{ Cu})(\% \text{ Ni}) - 9.10 (\% \text{ Ni})(\% \text{ P}) - 33.39 (\% \text{ Cu}).$$

18. (Original) The method of making a high copper low alloy steel sheet as claimed in claim 16 wherein the total of the percent by weight of copper is between 0.2 and 2.0.

19. (Original) The method of making a high copper low alloy steel sheet as claimed in claim 16 wherein the thickness of the thin cast strip is less than 5 mm in thickness.

20. (Original) The method of making a high copper low alloy steel sheet as claimed in claim 16 wherein the thickness of the thin cast strip is less than 2 mm in thickness.